

**UNITED STATES** CURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

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# **ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5** PART III

### **FACING PAGE**

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/2003	AND ENDING	03/31/2004
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A.	REGISTRANT IDE	NTIFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Mizuho Securities USA Inc.			
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	SINESS: (Do not use P.	O. Box No.)	FIRM ID. NO.
111 River Street, Suite 1100			
Hoboken	(No. and Street)  New Jersey		07030
(City)	(State)	• .	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE	ERSON TO CONTACT	·	(201) 626-1245
			(Area Code - Telephone No.)
B. /	ACCOUNTANT IDE	NTIFICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT w Ernst & Young LLP	hose opinion is contain	ed in this Report*	MAY 2 8 2004
5 Times Square	(Name – of individual, state last, first, New York	middle name) <b>NY</b>	10036 See
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:  x Certified Public Accountant	igen 		PROCESSED
<ul><li>Public Accountant</li><li>Accountant not resident in United</li></ul>	ed States or any of its p	ossessions.	JUL 06 2004
	FOR OFFICIAL U	JSE ONLY	FINANCIAL
L			

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).



### **OATH OR AFFIRMATION**

l,	Alexander Yannotti		·····	, swear (or affirm) that,	to the
best of	my knowledge and belie Mizuho Securities U		panying financial statements a	nd supporting schedules pertaining to the fi	m of as of
	March 31	_, 20_04	, are true and correct. I	further swear (or affirm) that neither the co	
•	y partner, proprietor, princ er, except as follows:	cipal officer	or director has any proprietary	interest in any account classified soley as t	nat of a
-					
-					
				A 1 /1 A	
•	LORETTA A. WAGNE	3		16.	
	ary Public, State of New No. 2280459	Jersey		Signatura	
Com	mission Expires October	<b>22,</b> <u>200</u> 0		Executive Director & Chief Financial O	ticer
1	Mitta J. W. Notary Public	agair			

This report\*\* contains (check all applicable boxes):

- x (a) Facing page.
- x (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
  - (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
  - (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
  - (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
  - (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims or Creditors.
- x (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- x (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
  - (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A or Rule 15c3-3.
  - (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- x (I) An Oath or Affirmation.
  - (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
  - (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- x (o) Schedule of Segregation Requirements and Funds in Segregation for Customers Trading on U.S. Commodity Exchanges.
- x (p) Statement of Secured Amount and Funds Held in Separate Accounts for Foreign Futures and Options Customers Pursuant to Commission Regulation 30.7.
- x (q) Supplementary Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control.

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION PURSUANT TO REGULATION 1.10 OF THE COMMODITY EXCHANGE ACT

Mizuho Securities USA Inc.

March 31, 2004

with Report and Supplementary Report of Independent Auditors

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition

# March 31, 2004

# **Contents**

Report of Independent Auditors	1
Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition	2
Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition	3
Supplemental Information	
Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 Under the Securities	
Exchange Act of 1934	13
Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to	
Rule 15c3-3 Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934	14
Information for Possession or Control Requirements Pursuant to	
Rule 15c3-3 Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934	15
Schedule of Segregation Requirements and Funds in Segregation for Customers	
Trading on U.S. Commodity Exchanges	16
Statement of Secured Amount and Funds Held in Separate Accounts for Foreign	
Futures and Foreign Options Customers Pursuant to Commission	
Regulation 30.7	17
Supplementary Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control	



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# Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors and Stockholder Mizuho Securities USA Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statement of financial condition of Mizuho Securities USA Inc. (the "Company") as of March 31, 2004. This consolidated statement of financial condition is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this consolidated statement of financial condition based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated statement of financial condition. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall consolidated statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company at March 31, 2004 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic consolidated statement of financial condition taken as a whole. The supplemental information contained in the accompanying schedules is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic consolidated statement of financial condition, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Regulation 1.10 of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic consolidated statement of financial condition and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic consolidated statement of financial condition taken as a whole.

Ernst + Young LLP

May 12, 2004

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition

# March 31, 2004 (In Thousands, except for share amounts)

Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	98,912
Securities segregated for regulatory purposes		7,293
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	5	,333,106
Securities borrowed	1	,712,983
Securities owned, at fair value:		
Unencumbered		21,908
Encumbered	5	,681,615
Deposits with clearing organizations and others		42,142
Accrued interest receivable		18,548
Receivables from brokers/dealers, clearing organizations and customers		128,417
Exchange memberships, at cost (market value of \$8,832)		4,972
Property, equipment, and leasehold improvements, net of accumulated		
depreciation and amortization of \$13,436		13,485
Other assets		12,528
Total assets	\$13	,075,909
Liabilities and stockholder's equity		
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		,149,875
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value	2	2,202,180
Securities loaned		742,225
Payables to brokers/dealers, clearing organizations and customers	1	,722,023
Accrued interest payable		16,308
Short-term bank loan		10,829
Other liabilities		16,558
	12	,859,998
Commitments and contingent liabilities		
Subordinated borrowings		50,000
Stockholder's equity		165,911
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	0.10	,075,909

See accompanying notes to consolidated statement of financial condition.

### Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition

### March 31, 2004

### 1. Organization

Mizuho Securities USA Inc. (the "Company") is a wholly-owned subsidiary whose ultimate parent is Mizuho Financial Group, Inc. ("MHFG"). On March 12, 2003 MHFG became the parent company of Mizuho Holdings, Inc., which is the intermediate holding company of Mizuho Securities USA Inc. MHFG is a holding company that provides comprehensive financial services through its subsidiaries. On March 3, 2004, Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd., acquired all of the shareholdings in the Company. The Company includes a wholly-owned subsidiary, Mizuho Futures (Singapore) Pte Ltd. In April 2003, Fuji Alternative Asset Management Company, a dormant subsidiary, was liquidated. In July 2003, IBJ Lanston Futures Pte Ltd was liquidated in which the Company had an 84.16% majority interest. These liquidations had no material effect on the Company's consolidated statement of financial condition.

The Company is a registered broker/dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, a registered futures commission merchant with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, a member of the Chicago Board of Trade, Chicago Mercantile Exchange, London International Financial Futures Exchange, Singapore Exchange and Eurex. The Company is also a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and is a primary dealer in U.S. government and federal agency securities. The Company also has a division that acts as agent for customers who are buying or selling equity securities.

The Company changed its year-end from December 31 to March 31, commencing with March 31, 2004. Because of this change, the Company will employ a one time fifteen month reporting period for financial and regulatory requirements for the period from January 1, 2003 to March 31, 2004. This change has been approved by the National Association of Securities Dealers and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

The Company has 10,000 shares authorized, 1,000 shares are issued and outstanding with a stated value of \$231 per share.

### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

### **Basis of Presentation**

The consolidated statement of financial condition includes the accounts of Mizuho Securities USA Inc. and its subsidiary. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

### Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

March 31, 2004

### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Securities Transactions**

Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased, and contracts for financial futures and options are presented on a trade date basis and are recorded at fair value. Fair value is generally based upon quoted market prices. Substantially all of the securities obtained by the Company under resale and securities borrow agreements have been either pledged or otherwise transferred to others in connection with the Company's financing activities or to satisfy its commitments under proprietary short sales.

### Resale and Repurchase Agreements

Securities purchased under agreements to resell ("resale agreements") or sold under agreements to repurchase ("repurchase agreements") are collateralized by U.S. government and agency obligations and are carried at contract price, plus accrued interest. They are accounted for as collateralized financing transactions except where the Company does not have an agreement to sell (or purchase) the same or substantially the same securities before maturity at a fixed or determinable price. Counterparties are principally major domestic and foreign financial institutions, corporations, fund managers, and governmental entities. The market value of these underlying assets is reviewed daily and additional cash or other collateral is obtained as necessary. The Company takes possession of resale agreements at the time such agreements are made.

When specific conditions are met, including the existence of a legally enforceable master netting agreement, resale agreements and securities borrowed are netted against repurchase agreements and securities loaned, respectively, on the consolidated statement of financial condition as permitted under Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 39, "Offsetting of Amounts Related to Certain Contracts" and Interpretation No. 41, "Offsetting of Amounts Related to Certain Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase Agreements."

### **Securities Lending Agreements**

Securities borrowed and securities loaned are generally reported as collateralized financing transactions except where letters of credit or other securities are used as collateral. They are recorded at the amount of cash collateral advanced or received by the Company, plus accrued interest. The Company monitors the market value of securities borrowed and loaned daily and additional cash or other collateral is obtained as necessary.

### Translation of Foreign Currencies

The Company accounts for its transactions denominated in foreign currencies in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 52, "Foreign Currency Translation." Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange on the consolidated statement of financial condition date.

### Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

March 31, 2004

### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### **Translation of Foreign Currencies**

The Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Mizuho Futures (Singapore) Pte Ltd, changed its functional currency from Singapore dollars to United States dollars. The change had no material effect on the Company's consolidated statement of financial condition.

### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are carried at cost and are depreciated on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the economic useful life of the asset or the term of the lease.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of the consolidated statement of financial condition in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated statement of financial condition. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Substantially all of the Company's financial instruments are carried at fair value or amounts approximating fair value. Assets, including cash and cash equivalents, securities segregated for regulatory purposes, deposits with clearing organizations and others, securities owned, securities borrowed or purchased under agreements to resell, and certain receivables are carried at fair value or contracted amounts which approximate fair value. Liabilities, including commitments for securities sold, not yet purchased, securities loaned or sold under agreements to repurchase, certain payables, and subordinated borrowings are carried at fair value or contracted amounts approximating fair value. For a more complete discussion on the fair values of the Company's financial instruments, see Note 9.

#### Market and Credit Risk

The Company enters into various transactions that involve varying degrees of both market and credit risk. The Company monitors its exposure to market and credit risk on a daily basis through a variety of financial, security position and credit exposure reporting and control procedures.

### Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

March 31, 2004

### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### **Income Taxes**

The Company accounts for incomes taxes under the provisions of SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." The Company recognizes the current and deferred tax consequences of all transactions that have been recognized in the consolidated statement of financial condition using the provisions of the enacted tax laws.

### 3. Securities Owned and Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased

Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased, consist of U.S. government and agency obligations. Securities sold, not yet purchased result in off-balance sheet risk as the Company's ultimate obligation is to acquire the securities at then prevailing market prices, which may exceed the amount reflected on the consolidated statement of financial condition.

# 4. Receivables from and Payables to Brokers/Dealers, Clearing Organizations and Customers

Amounts receivable from and payable to brokers/dealers, clearing organizations and customers at March 31, 2004 consist of the following:

Receivables	Payables		
(In Thousands)			
\$ -	\$ 1,155,263		
122,479	1,207		
3,063	9,501		
1,055	390,978		
236	160,398		
1,584	4,676		
\$ 128,417	\$ 1,722,023		
	(In The \$ - 122,479 3,063 1,055 236 1,584		

Net payable for trades pending settlement represents the contract price of securities to be delivered or received by the Company. Should a counterparty fail to deliver the securities to the Company, the Company may be required to purchase identical securities on the open market.

### Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

### March 31, 2004

# 4. Receivables from and Payables to Brokers/Dealers, Clearing Organizations and Customers (continued)

The value of such securities at March 31, 2004 approximates the amounts owed. Trades pending settlement at March 31, 2004 were settled without a material effect on the Company's consolidated statement of financial condition taken as a whole.

Receivable from and payable to futures customers represent balances arising in connection with futures transactions, including gains and losses on open commodity futures contracts.

### 5. Subordinated Borrowing

Subordinated borrowing from Mizuho Corporate Bank, an affiliate of the Company, in the amount of \$50,000,000, matures in April 2007. At March 31, 2004, this borrowing bears interest at approximately 1.45%, which is variable based on changes in LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate) and resets on a quarterly basis. This borrowing is subordinated to claims of general creditors, is covered by an agreement approved by the National Association of Securities Dealers and the Chicago Mercantile Exchange and is included by the Company for purposes of computing net capital under the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") Uniform Net Capital Rule. To the extent that this borrowing is required for the Company's continued compliance with minimum net capital requirements, it may not be repaid.

### 6. Related Party Transactions

Amounts related to transactions with MHFG and its affiliates include cash deposited with Mizuho Corporate Bank of approximately \$1,356,000, securities purchased under agreements to resell of approximately \$1,690,874,000, securities sold under agreements to repurchase of approximately \$2,400,088,000, receivables from brokers/dealers, clearing organizations and customers of approximately \$3,062,000, other assets, which consist primarily of miscellaneous receivables of approximately \$555,000, payables to brokers/dealers and customers of approximately \$390,998,000 and other liabilities, which consist primarily of accrued interest and commissions of approximately \$728,000.

On March 26, 2004, the Company paid a dividend from additional paid in capital of \$15,000 per share, or \$15,000,000, to the shareholder of record on March 25, 2004.

### 7. Employee Benefit Plan

Substantially all employees of the Company are covered by the Company's defined contribution benefit plan. The Company's contribution is determined under provisions of the plan.

# Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

### March 31, 2004

#### 8. Income Taxes

The Company files federal income tax returns on a separate company basis. The Company also files various state and local income tax returns both on a consolidated/combined basis and a separate company basis.

As of March 31, 2004, the Company had a federal net operating loss ("NOL") carry-forward from prior years of approximately \$25,700,000 expiring as follows:

Year of Expiration	NOL Amount
2017	\$ 1,216,000
2018	10,000
2019	9,071,000
2020	2,000
2021	4,060,000
2022	41,000
2023	4,727,000
2024	6,573,000

Pursuant to Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code, future utilization of approximately \$8,773,000 of the total NOL is subject to limitation. For the tax year 2003, such limitation is approximately \$6,671,000.

As of March 31, 2004, the Company had a deferred tax asset ("DTA") of approximately \$9,708,000, which is included in Other assets on the consolidated statement of financial condition. The DTA primarily reflects the tax benefit associated with NOL carryforwards, minimum tax credit carryforwards, and accrued expenses not currently deductible for tax purposes.

The Company has recorded a net valuation allowance of \$600,000 against the DTA for the New Jersey Alternative Minimum Assessment ("AMA") credit carryfoward because management believes that it is more likely than not that this portion will not be realized.

Undistributed earnings of the company's foreign subsidiary amounted to approximately \$1.6 million for the 15 months ended March 31, 2004. Those earnings are considered to be indefinitely reinvested and accordingly, no provision for U.S. federal and state income taxes has been provided thereon.

# Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

March 31, 2004

### 8. Income Taxes (continued)

Upon distribution of those earnings in the form of dividends or otherwise, the company would be subject to both U.S. income taxes (subject to an adjustment for foreign tax credits) and withholding taxes payable.

### 9. Financial Instruments

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into a variety of derivative financial instrument transactions in order to meet its financing and hedging needs and to reduce its exposure to interest rate risk in connection with its trading activities.

These derivative financial instruments include forward and futures contracts, options on U.S. government securities and options on futures contracts. All contracts, except commitments to enter into future resale and repurchase agreements, are valued at market.

Futures contracts provide for the delayed delivery or purchase of securities at a specified future date at a specified price or yield. Futures contracts are exchange traded and cash settlement is made on a daily basis for market movements. The clearing organization acts as the counterparty to specific transactions and bears the risk of delivery to and from counterparties to specific positions.

As a seller of options, the Company receives a premium at the outset and then bears the risk of unfavorable changes in the price of the financial instruments underlying the option. Options on futures contracts are contracts that allow the owner of the option to purchase or sell the underlying futures contract at a specified price and within a specified period of time.

The Company's risk of loss in the event of counterparty default is limited to the current fair value or the replacement cost on contracts in which the Company has recorded an unrealized gain. Options sold do not expose the Company to credit risk since they do not obligate the counterparty to perform. Transactions in futures contracts are conducted through regulated exchanges, which have margin requirements and are settled on a daily basis.

The Company executes third-party customer and affiliated customer transactions for the purchase and sale of commodity futures contracts and options on futures contracts. Substantially all of the Company's customer balances are payable to customers in the banking and finance industries or commodity pools. Volatile trading markets can directly affect the customers' ability to satisfy their obligations to the Company.

# Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

### March 31, 2004

### 9. Financial Instruments (continued)

In such event, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices to fulfill the customers' obligations. Such transactions may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event margin requirements are not sufficient to fully cover losses that customers may incur.

The Company's customer commodities activities are transacted on a cash and margin basis. In commodity margin transactions, the customer is required to maintain a portion of the notional value of open futures or options on futures contracts in the form of excess cash in the account. The margin rate applied to the Company's customers is determined by various regulatory and internal margin requirements.

The Company also requires its commodity customers to fully collateralize the market value of open trade positions with cash and securities in the customer's account. The Company monitors required margin levels daily and, pursuant to such guidelines, requires customers to deposit additional collateral or to reduce positions, when necessary.

The Company is engaged in various other trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include brokers/dealers, banks and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review the credit standing of each counterparty on a periodic basis.

### 10. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company has minimum annual rental commitments for office spaces under noncancelable leases with initial terms in excess of one year, approximately as follows:

2004	\$ 2,488,000
2005	2,519,000
2006	2,431,000
2007	1,928,000
2008	1,965,000
Thereafter	14,138,000
	\$ 25,469,000

# Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

March 31, 2004

### 10. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

On January 31, 2002, the Company entered into an agreement with the New Jersey Economic Development Authority to receive Business Employment Incentive Grants. Through March 31, 2004, the Company has received such grants totaling \$1.2 million.

Pursuant to the agreement, the Company must continuously maintain at least 84 employees in its Hoboken, New Jersey office until November 30, 2016 in order to retain the grants received. The Company currently has employees in excess of this threshold.

In the normal course of business, the Company may be involved in various legal actions and proceedings. At March 31, 2004, there is no material pending litigation outstanding.

### 11. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule ("Rule 15c3-1"), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital. The Company computes its net capital under the alternative method permitted by Rule 15c3-1. This method requires that minimum net capital not be less than the greater of \$250,000 or 2% of aggregate debit items arising from customer transactions pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-3 or 4% of funds required to be segregated pursuant to the Commodity Exchange Act, plus excess margin collected on securities under agreements to resell. At March 31, 2004, the Company's net capital of \$160,271,228 was \$147,035,977 in excess of required net capital. Advances to Mizuho Corporate Bank and its affiliates, repayment of subordinated liabilities, dividend payments and other equity withdrawals are subject to certain limitations and other provisions of the net capital rules of the SEC.

Mizuho Futures (Singapore) Pte Ltd is also subject to capital adequacy requirements. As of March 31, 2004, this subsidiary was in compliance with its local capital adequacy requirements.

Supplemental Information

# Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

# March 31, 2004

Total stockholder's equity		\$	165,911,593
Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors			50,000,000
Other (deduction) or allowable credits			
			215,911,593
Deductions and/or charges:			
Nonallowable assets:			
Other receivables	\$ 550,537		
Property, equipment and leasehold improvements	13,483,943		
Deferred tax benefit	9,708,565		
Exchange memberships	4,971,801		
Other nonallowable assets	3,905,928		
Aged fails to deliver (number of items—0)	-		
Commodity futures contracts and spot commodities			
proprietary capital charges	2,227,639		
Other deductions	 5,934,586		40,782,999
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions			175,128,594
Haircuts on securities positions			(14,857,366)
Net capital			160,271,228
Minimum net capital required			13,235,251
_		Φ.	1.47.005.055
Excess net capital		<u>\$</u>	147,035,977
Demonstrate of debt to debt/equity total commuted in			
Percentage of debt to debt/equity total computed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1(d)			0%

There were no material differences between the above computation and the Company's corresponding unaudited Form X-17a-5 filed on April 26, 2004.

# Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

# March 31, 2004

Credit balances:		
Free credit balances and other credit balances in customers'		
security accounts	\$	662,663
Monies payable against customers' securities loaned		117,238
Customers' securities failed to receive		172,729
Credit balances in firm accounts which are attributable to principal sales		
to customers		117,238
Total credit balances		1,069,868
Debit balances:  Debit balances in customers' cash and margin accounts excluding		
unsecured accounts and accounts doubtful of collection net of deduction		-
Failed to deliver of customers' securities not older than 30 calendar days		407,766
Aggregate debit items		407,766
Less: 3% for alternative method	_	(12,233)
Total debit balances		395,533
Excess of total credits over total debits	\$	674,335
Amount on deposit at March 31, 2004	\$_	7,146,828

There were no material differences between the above computation and the Company's corresponding unaudited Form X-17a-5 filed on April 26, 2004.

# Information for Possession or Control Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

### March 31, 2004

1. Customers' fully paid securities and excess margin securities not in the respondent's possession or control as of the report date (for which instructions to reduce to possession or control had been issued as of the report date) but for which the required action was not taken by respondent within the time frames specified under Rule 15c3-3

None

Number of items - 0

2. Customers' fully paid securities and excess margin securities for which instructions to reduce to possession or control had not been issued as of the report date, excluding items arising from "temporary lags which result from normal business operations" as permitted under Rule 15c3-3

None

Number of items -0

3. The system and procedures utilized in complying with the requirements to maintain physical possession or control of customers' fully paid and excess margin securities have been tested and appear to provide reasonable assurance of compliance in all material respects with the possession and control requirements of Rule 15c3-3

Yes \*

<sup>\*</sup> See Supplementary Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control

# Schedule of Segregation Requirements and Funds in Segregation for Customers Trading on U.S. Commodity Exchanges

March 31, 2004

Segregation Requirements	
Net ledger balance:	
Cash	\$ (36,357,284)
Securities (at market)	205,268,325
Net unrealized loss on open futures contracts traded on a contract market	121,327,489
Exchange traded options:	
Add market value of open option contracts purchased on a contract market	5,563,836
Deduct market value of open option contracts granted (sold) on a contract market	
Net equity	291,251,255
Accounts liquidating to a deficit and accounts with debit balance—gross amount	
Amount required to be segregated	291,251,255
Funds in Segregated Accounts	
Deposited in segregated funds bank accounts:	
Cash	230,737
Securities representing investments of customers' funds (at market)	115,008,914
Securities held for particular customers or option customers	
in lieu of cash (at market)	73,988,509
Margins on deposit with clearing organizations of contract markets:	
Cash	55,765
Securities representing investments of customers' funds (at market)	4,000,000
Securities held for particular customers or option customers	
in lieu of cash (at market)	131,279,816
Settlement due to clearing organizations of contract markets	6,548,727
Exchange traded options:	
Value of open long option contracts	5,563,836
Value of open short option contracts	(4,551,111)
Net equities with other FCM's:	
Net liquidating equity	58,669
Total amount in segregation	332,183,862
Excess funds in segregation	\$ 40,932,607

There were no material differences between the above computation and the Company's corresponding Form X-17a-5 filed on April 26, 2004.

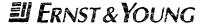
# Statement of Secured Amount and Funds Held in Separate Accounts for Foreign Futures and Foreign Options Customers Pursuant to Commission Regulation 30.7

March 31, 2004

Secured Requirements Amounts to be set aside in separate Regulation 30.7 accounts	\$ 36,721,010
Funds deposited in separate Regulation 30.7 accounts:	25.000.254
Cash in other banks designated by the commission Securities in safekeeping with banks in the United States	25,990,354 815,770
Equities with registered commission merchants	4
Amounts held by clearing organizations of foreign boards of trade	26,011,864
Amounts held by members of foreign boards of trade	1,810,906
Total funds in separate Regulation 30.7 accounts	54,628,898
Excess funds in separate Regulation 30.7 accounts	\$ 17,907,888

There were no material difference between the above computation and the Company's corresponding unaudited Form X-17a-5 filed on April 26, 2004.

Supplementary Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control



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# Supplementary Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control

The Board of Directors and Stockholder Mizuho Securities USA Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the consolidated financial statements and supplemental schedules of Mizuho Securities USA Inc. (the "Company") for the fifteen month period ended March 31, 2004, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding customer and firm securities and assets, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and Regulation 1.16 of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the criteria stated in Rule 17a-5(g) and Regulation 1.16, in the following:

- 1. Making the periodic computations of aggregate debits and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the reserve required by Rule 15c3-3(e) of the SEC;
- 2. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13;
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System;
- 4. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3;
- 5. Making the periodic computations of the minimum financial requirements pursuant to Regulation 1.17 of the CFTC;
- 6. Making the daily computations of the segregation requirements of Section 4d(2) of the Commodity Exchange Act ("CEA") and the regulations thereunder, and the segregation of funds based on such computations, and
- 7. Making the daily computations of foreign futures and foreign options secured amount requirements pursuant to Regulation 30.7 of the CFTC.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal controls and of the practices and procedures

referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's and CFTC's above-mentioned criteria. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Rule 17a-5(g) and Regulation 1.16 list additional criteria of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, misstatement due to errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of internal control to future periods are subject to the risk that internal control may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the effectiveness of its design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the consolidated financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding customer and firm securities and assets, and its operation, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that meet the criteria referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC and CFTC to be adequate for their purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("SEA") and by the CFTC for its purposes in accordance with the CEA and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not meet such criteria in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at March 31, 2004 to meet the SEC's and CFTC's criteria.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the CFTC, the National Association of Securities Dealers and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the SEA or Regulation 1.16 of the CFTC in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

May 12, 2004

Ernet + Young LLP